## 22413 Software Engineering MCQ Question Banks with Answers

## **#QB4**

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22413 SEN MCQ QB 1:
SEN MCQ QB 2:
SEN MCQ QB 3:
SEN MCQ QB 4:
SEN MCQ QB 5:
1) Which of these software characteristics are used to determine the scope of a software project?
a. Only performance.
b. Only context.
c. Information objectives, function, performance
d. None of the above.
ANSWER: Information objectives, function, performance
2) Which level of sub-system is used of an application?

a. Application level

b. Component level
c. Modules level
d. None of the above
ANSWER: Component level
3) SDLC is not a well-defined, structured sequence of stages in software engineering to develop the intended software product.
a. True
b. False
ANSWER: False
4) In the Empirical Estimation Technique which model is developed by Barry W. Boehm?
a. Putnam model
b. COCOMO
c. Both A & B
d. None of the above
ANSWER: COCOMO
5) From the following select the correct option that is used to display the available option for selection.
a. Check-box
b. Text-box
c. Button

d. Radio-Button
ANSWER: Radio-Button
6) CMM model in Software Engineering is a technique of
a. Develop the software.
b. Improve the software process.
c. Improve the testing process.
d. All of the above.
ANSWER: Improve the software process.
7) Transformers is one of the broad category used to classify operations.
a. True
b. False
ANSWER: False
8) The tools that support different stages of software development life cycle are called as
a. CASE Tools
b. CAME tools
c. CAQE tools
d. CARE tools
ANSWER: CASE Tools

9) Which is not a step of Requirement Engineering?
a. Requirements elicitation
b. Requirements analysis
c. Requirements design
d. Requirements documentation
ANSWER: Requirements design
10) Which of the level carries out goal, objective, work tasks, work products and other activities of the software process?
a. Performed
b. INCOMPLETE
c. Optimized
d. Quantitatively Managed
ANSWER: Performed
11) If you have no clue of how to improve the process for the quality software which model is used?
a. A Continuous model
b. A Staged model
c. Both A & B
d. None of the above
ANSWER: A Staged model

12) In Software validation, requirements can be checked against following conditions:
1) If they can be practically implemented
2) If they are valid and as per functionality and domain of software
3) If there are any ambiguities
4) If they are completed
a. True
b. False
ANSWER: True
13) In OOD, the attributes(data variables) and methods( operation on the data) are bundled together is called
a. Classes
b. Objects
c. Encapsulation
d. Inheritance
ANSWER: Encapsulation
14) Which design defines the logical structure of each module and their interfaces that is used to communicate with other modules?
a. High-level designs
b. Architectural designs

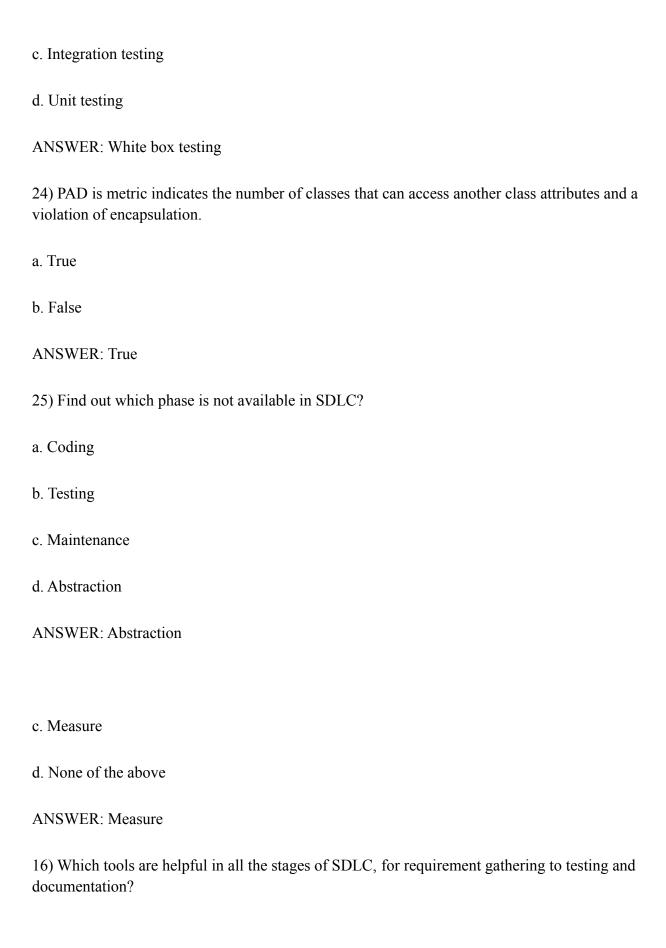
c. Detailed design
d. All mentioned above
ANSWER: Detailed design
15) Which tools are used in Implementation, Testing and Maintenance?
a. Upper case tools
b. Lower case tools
c. Integrated case tools
d. None of the above
ANSWER: Lower case tools
16) Which tools are used for project planning, cost, effort estimation, project scheduling and resource planning?
a. Process modeling tools
b. Project management tools
c. Diagram tools
d. Documentation tools
ANSWER: Project management tools
17) Which design deals with the implementation part in which it shows a system and its sub-systems in the previous two designs?
a. Architectural design
b. High-level design

c. Detailed design
d. Both A & B
ANSWER: Detailed design
18) Modularization is a technique to divide a software system into multiple discrete and independent modules.
a. True
b. False
ANSWER: True
19) What is the project and process level that provides the Quality Metric benefit?
a. Defect amplification
b. Defect removal efficiency
c. Measuring quality
d. All mentioned above
ANSWER: Defect removal efficiency
20) Cohesion metrics and coupling metrics are metrics in which level of design?
a. User interface design
b. Pattern-based design
c. Architectural design
d. Component-level design

## ANSWER: Component-level design

b. White box testing

21) Which condition defines the circumstances for a particular operation is valid?
a. Postcondition
b. Precondition
c. Invariant
d. None of the above
ANSWER: Precondition
22) Which subsystem implements a repository that encompasses the following elements,
1) Content database
2) Database capabilities
3) Configuration management functions
a. The publishing subsystem
b. The management subsystem
c. The collection subsystem
d. None of the above
ANSWER: The management subsystem
23) Which is not a SQA activity?
a. Black box testing



a. Upper case tools
b. Lower case tools
c. Integrated case tools
d. None of the above
ANSWER: Integrated case tools
17) OOD languages provide a mechanism where methods performing similar tasks but vary in arguments, and that can be assigned to the same name is called
a. Classes
b. Object
c. Polymorphism
d. Encapsulation
ANSWER: Polymorphism
18) Abbreviate the term SMI.
a. Software Maturity Index
b. Software Model Instruction
c. Software Maturity Instruction
d. Software Model Index
ANSWER: Software Maturity Index
19) What computer-based system can have a profound effect on the design that is chosen and

also the implementation approach will be applied?

a. Scenario-based elements
b. Class-based elements
c. Behavioural elements
d. Flow-oriented elements
ANSWER: Behavioural elements
20) SRS is a document created by system analyst after the requirements are collected from various stakeholders.
a. Yes
b. No
ANSWER: Yes
21) Which structures in Organizational Paradigms on a team loosely and depends on individual initiative of the team members?
a. Closed paradigm
b. Open paradigm
c. Random paradigm
d. Synchronous paradigm
ANSWER: Random paradigm
22) Give the name to diagram that represents the flow of activities described by the use cases and at the same time the captors are involved in UML .
a. State diagram

b. Swim lane diagram
c. Activity diagram
d. Component diagram
ANSWER: Swim lane diagram
23) Which phase is refers to the support phase of software development?
a. Acceptance Phase.
b. Testing.
c. Maintenance.
d. None of the above.
ANSWER: Maintenance.
24) Which model is also called as the classic life cycle or the Waterfall model?
a. Iterative Development
b. Linear Sequential Development
c. RAD Model.
d. Incremental Development
ANSWER: Linear Sequential Development
25) What is the average effective global activity rate in an evolving E-type system is invariant over the lifetime of the product?
a. Self-regulation

- b. Reducing quality
- c. Feedback systems
- d. Organizational stability

ANSWER: Organizational stability

# **Happy Learning!**

